231/1

BIOLOGY Paper 1

(Theory)

Mar. 2022 - 2 hours

Name	Index	Numbe
Candidate's Signature	Date	

Instructions to Candidates

- (a) Write your name and index number in the spaces provided above.
- (b) Sign and write the date of examination in the spaces provided above.
- (c) Answer all the questions in the spaces provided in this booklet.
- (d) This paper consists of 12 printed pages.
- (e) Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all the pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.
- (f) Candidates should answer the questions in English.

For Examiner's Use Only

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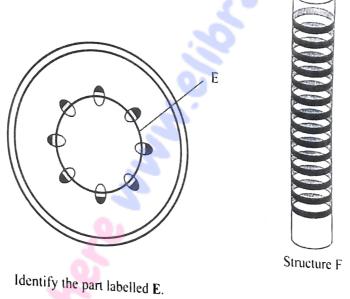




١,	Answer all the questions in the spaces provided.
•,	Explain
	Fruit Why it is necessary
	necessary for plants to have the con-
	product their leaves spread out
	Explain why it is necessary for plants to have their leaves spread out. $(2_{\mathbb{D}_{\widehat{\mathbb{Q}}_i}})$

3	
۷,	The diagram
	The diagram but

The diagram below represents the transverse section through a young dicotyledonous stem and



		the part labelled E.	
		(1 mark	
	(ii)		
·	(11)	State the function of the part labelled E.	
		(1 mark	ì

- Label the part Z, on the section from which structure E was obtained. (i) (ii)
 - State two ways in which structure E is structurally adapted to its functions.

(2 marks)

(a)

(i)

	.,
Name the proteinous substance that makes up the exoskeleton of member Arthropoda.	s of Phylum (1 mark)
State two functions of the exoskeleton.	(2 marks
State one disadvantage of the exoskeleton to members of Phylum Arthro	 opoda. (1 mar
	Name the proteinous substance that makes up the exoskeleton of member Arthropoda. State two functions of the exoskeleton.

5.	Expla	ain how	each of the following structures adapt the fish to movement in water.	
	(a)		bladder	$(\Gamma_{\mathrm{ind}(k)})$
	(b)	head		(1 mark)
6.	The	diagram	below represents the anterior view of a mammalian vertebra.	
			Neural canal	
	(a)	(i)	Identify the vertebra.	(1 mark)
		(ii)	Name the region of the vertebral column where the vertebra was obtain	(1 mark)
	(b)	Namo	e the part labelled G .	(1 mark)
	(0)	Name	e the bone in the mammalian endoskeleton that articulates with the vorte	Lange the

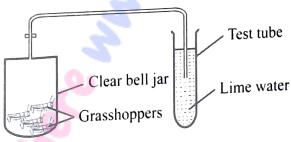
(I mark)

part labelled L.

 $\begin{array}{c} Lactose + Water \; := \; Substance \; J + Galactose \\ K \end{array}$

(0)	Nama process K	.Q.	(I mark
(a)	Name process K.	4	
		8	
			() mark
(b)	State the importance of substance J in the living cells.		(1)

The setup below was used to demonstrate products of exhalation in grasshoppers. The setup was left undisturbed for 48 hours and observations made.



			(1 mark)
(a)	(i)	State the observation made in the test tube.	
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	(ii)	Account for the observation made in 8(a) (i).	(2 marks)
	()	1	
(b)	Expla plants	ain the observation made in the test tube if similar setup included young s in the jar containing grasshoppers at the beginning of the experiment.	growing (2 marks)

9.	State	the difference between glycolysis an	d Kreb's cycle based on th	ne following:
	(a)	Where they occur		(1 mark)
	(b)	Amount of energy produced		(1 mark)
10.	(a)	Distinguish between gaseous exch	ange and respiration.	(2 marks)
	(b)	Explain the importance of algae in	a pond.	(2 marks)
11.	State	e two advantages of an insect undergo	oing a complete metamorph	nosis process. (2 marks)
12.	Con Chil	nplete the table below, outlining the dopoda based on the characteristics gi	ifferences between member ven.	rs of Class Diplopoda and (3 marks)
		Characteristic	Diplopoda	Chilopoda
	(a)	Body shape		отпороца
	(b)	Body segmentation	to the second	
	(c)	Number of legs per segment	Market Commencer	

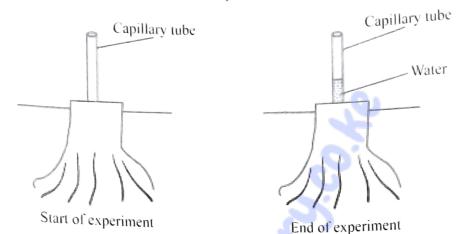
15.	(a)	State two activities that take place in the ovule of a flowering plant during f	ertilisation. (2 marks)
	(b)	State two functions of the seminal fluid in reproduction.	(2 marks)
			922-1441414 (22-40) (6)
	(0)	Name the hormone that stimulates the contraction of muscles of the uterine birth.	wall during (1 mark)
16.	(a)	Giving an example in each case, state the difference between internal and exfertilisation.	ternal (2 marks)
	(b)	State the agent of pollination in a maize plant.	(1 mark)
17.	Ident	ify the response and receptor from the following list of sensory structures and	processes:
	• sm • olf	ivary gland ell of fried eggs actory cells	
	• sal	ivation.	
	(a)	Response	(1 mark)
	5		(1 mark)
	(b)	Receptor	(1 mark)

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Exp	plain how the knowledge of apical dominance is applied in agriculture.	(2 marks)

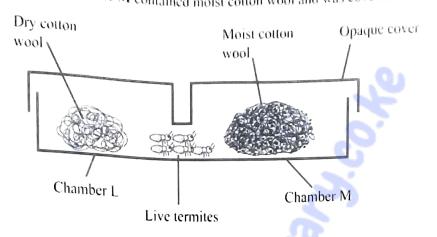
(a)	Explain why the population of people with sickle-cell anaemia is higher in mala areas.	ria-prone (2 marks)
(b)		
(0)	Explain why it is not advisable to put a patient on a drip of distilled water for rehydration.	3 marks)
(0)	Explain why it is not advisable to put a patient on a drip of distilled water for rehydration.	3 marks)

20. (a) In an experiment, the stem of a plant was cut above the soil surface and a thin, transparent tube inserted immediately as shown below.



(a)	Name the process by which mineral salts are absorbed from the soil.	(1 mark)
(b)	Account for the observation made at the end of the experiment.	(3 marks)

21. In an experiment, live termites were placed at the junction between two interconnected chambers, L and M as shown below. Chamber L contained dry cotton wool and was covered by a transparent lid. Chamber M contained moist cotton wool and was covered with an opaque lid.



	(a)	(i)	State the likely observation at the end of the experiment.	(1 mark)		
	(ii)	Expl	ain two factors responsible for the observation in 21(a) (i).	(2 marks)		
	2		i c l cu	oʻnto:		
22.	State one function of each of the following parts of the mammalian movable joints:					
	(i)	Sync	ovial membrane	(2 marks)		
		.,				
				••••••		
	(ii)	Liga	ments	(1 mark)		

23.	A form of dwarfism called Achondroplasia is caused by a dominant gene (D) located of the chromosomes. Individuals who are homozygous (DD) for the condition do not survive. The who are homozygous (dd) are of normal height, while heterozygous (Dd) are dwarfs. If the dwarfs married, work out the likely survival chances of their offspring.				
24.	Explain the difference in Basal Metabolic Rate (BMR) between a 55-year-old man and his 8-year-old grandson.				
25.	The illustration below represents a plant learners collected and drew during a field study.				
	With a reason, state the Division and Class to which the plant belongs:				
	(i) Division:				
	Reason:(1 mail				
	(ii) Class:(1 mai				
	rt ma				

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